



FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 4, 1903.

AN ITEM in the local department of the Gazette a day or two ago called attention to the fact that suitable houses were in demand in Alexandria. This, however, has been a common condition of affairs for several years past, but as time goes on the want of suitable dwellings for the numbers of people who come here in various capacities is becoming serious, and unless the demand is met the growth of Alexandria will be seriously retarded. The three glass factories in this city are expanding their business each year, and at the beginning of operations on the first instant strange men and necessarily strange families were brought here. It is understood that some difficulty was experienced in properly housing them. There should be no good reason for capitalists refraining from building small but modern houses in Alexandria, and under proper conditions—such as exist in other places—all the vacant lots within the city limits and squares north and west would soon be covered with buildings of a pattern for which there is always a demand. But so long as absurd laws which enable people to escape the payment of rent and defy landlords remain on the statute books, the weeds will continue to occupy sites where houses should have been erected years ago. A propos of the above, a gentleman, a native Alexandrian, but now living in a nearby State, who has amassed a colossal fortune, in conversation with a fellow-townsmen recently, expressed a desire to expend some of his life capital in the city of his birth. His object was to procure several squares of ground and erect small dwelling houses with all modern conveniences. He was in earnest and proceeded to make certain inquiries. When he became familiar with the laws of the Old Dominion and realized the vexations, delays and uncertainties incident to the collection of rents, he abandoned the project and invested his capital elsewhere. This is a sad state of affairs.

It was stated in the Gazette's Washington correspondence yesterday that the State Department is looking at the Syrian matter with annoyance, feeling that in a certain measure it has been the author of an international farce in sending warships to Beirut, "but that it hopes that Minister Leishman may produce evidence of a state of revolution which may justify the presence of an American fleet in the waters of Asia Minor." If through Mr. Roosevelt's previousness and strenuousness a mistake has been made and ridicule brought upon this country by the sending of ships to Beirut, the quicker they are ordered away and the incident be closed the better it will be for all concerned. This country has nothing to do with revolutions in Syria, and such matters should not be taken advantage of and made excuses for diplomatic mistakes. General Washington's advice to keep out of foreign entanglements should be heeded whenever it is possible to do so.

SULKY CHILDREN have at times devised many ways of showing their resentment to parental restraint, but that adopted by Miss Carrie Meyer in New Haven, Conn., a few days ago is original. She had been chided by her mother and the young woman while in a pique went up in a balloon with a Mongolian who was giving performances in the vicinity. After sailing in and above the clouds for some time she was landed safely on terra firma. The only regret the young woman expressed after returning from her aerial flight was that her mother was absent when the balloon shot heavenward.

REPORTS received from all over the State are to the effect that the manner of conducting the democratic primaries is giving great dissatisfaction and that the full strength of the party is not being brought out. Democrats see no reason why they should be compelled to vote viva voce in their own party election, when selecting candidates from among friends, and then be compelled to vote by ballot at the regular elections between opposing parties. Then too they have been voting by ballot for nearly a third of a century and few people like to make changes unless for the better.

ASSISTANT State Food Inspector Patterson, who has just returned to Chicago from Peoria, is under the impression that germs of an appetite for liquor are imparted to Chicago babies through the medium of milk from cows that eat the refuse from Peoria distilleries. But how about those who early in life acquire the appetite for liquor when raised on milk given by cows that never tasted refuse from distilleries?

GEN. FRED D. GRANT has come to the conclusion that the soldiers of his command do not know what a toothbrush is for and in a report made to the War Department he comments severely upon the carelessness of his men in that matter. This is a reflection upon

the cleanliness of an entire brigade and such a condition seems strange in this advanced age of civilization.

THE FACT that there are now more than two thousand American mining engineers in the gold and diamond regions of South Africa is one among many indications that this is already becoming one of the migratory nations.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, D. C., Sept. 4.

The only recent advice received by the State Department on the Turkish situation consists of a dispatch from Minister Leishman received late yesterday afternoon. It recites a warning sent to the various foreign legations by the Sublime Porte, stating that the Turkish government is able to protect the exterior of the legations but cannot be held responsible for fanatics and cranks who may gain admission to the buildings and explode a bomb or procure assassination by other means. According to Minister Leishman the only precaution observed by the diplomats was the appointment by each of an additional guard or "cavase." No special protection has been afforded Minister Leishman by this country nor is any contemplated or even possible at the present time. The squadron, consisting of the Brooklyn and San Francisco, should have arrived at Beirut this morning but this port is hundred of miles distant from Constantinople. The vessels have put 200 marines aboard, it is said, and these would hardly suffice for more than an efficient patrol of Beirut. Chékib Bey has not presented to Secretary Hay the dictum of his government which says that should Miss Helen Stone return to Turkish territory she will do so at her own peril. In this statement the State Department will probably join as it is not entirely clear to the officials that she was not an active sympathizer with the Macedonians.

In view of the extremely unsettled condition of affairs in the Turkish possessions, the State and Navy Departments are today considering the advisability of ordering Rear Admiral Cotton to land a force of marines from the vessels of his squadron immediately after his arrival at Beirut. The action of the authorities in this regard, however, will depend entirely upon what conditions now obtain at Beirut, as reported by Rear Admiral Cotton. Navy Department officials will take no action looking to the sending of marines to Constantinople until requested by Minister Leishman. Under an international agreement the United States, as well as the other powers of the world, cannot send a fleet past the Dardanelles to Constantinople, but there is nothing to prevent a squadron from anchoring at the entrance to the Dardanelles, a short distance from the city, and taking on board the American representatives in Turkey, in the event it becomes necessary for the protection of their lives.

Congressman Hay of Virginia has declared in favor of George B. McClellan, of New York, for minority leader on the floor of the House of Representatives, but it is regarded as certain that John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, will be selected for the post. Mr. Williams was selected for the leadership at a conference of democratic members, held at the last session. It is understood that Mr. Hay was at the conference, as he is chairman of the democratic caucus. As stated in this correspondence last spring, there is good reason for thinking that Mr. Hay will be put on the appropriations committee. There will be two democratic vacancies on the committee, and his appointment to one of them is regarded as more than probable. Mr. Hay has been a member of the military committee for several years and is now the senior democratic member of the committee. He would have to retire from this committee if appointed to the committee on appropriations.

The imports of raw silk in the fiscal year just ended were the largest in the history of the government. Statistics just compiled by the Department of Statistics, show that for the fiscal year just ended June 30, 1903, 15,271,340 pounds of manufactured silk, valued at \$50,011,819, were imported, as compared with 14.2 million pounds in 1902 and 10.4 millions in 1901. From this silk American manufacturers will make finished products valued at over \$125,000,000. Of the manufactured silk imported, practically one half comes from Japan. Italy furnishes nearly 13 millions; the Chinese Empire 8.9 millions; France 2.2 millions.

It is understood that instructions have been sent to Minister Beaupre, at Bogota, which give him full authority to exchange ratifications of the Panama canal treaty up to the night of Sept. 21. According to the language of the pending treaty, this exchange should take place in Washington on or before Sept. 22. With a desire, however, to give the Colombian Congress every opportunity, without haste, to come to a definite conclusion on the treaty within the time limit, and also taking into consideration the fact that it requires four weeks for mails to pass between Bogota and Washington, it has been decided, it is said, to waive the technical point involved and to authorize Minister Beaupre to represent the United States in the final ratification of the treaty. Information received by representatives of the Panama Canal Company, now in this city, is to the effect that there is strong hope of the eventual adoption of the treaty by the Colombian Congress just as it was passed by the United States Senate. It is believed that when the firm attitude of the United States in refusing to be bluffed into the acceptance of undesirable amendments becomes fully known in Bogota it will have the effect of inducing the Colombian Congress to reconsider its former action in "disapproving" the treaty and cause the adoption of the instrument in its original form.

An order is soon expected from Oyster Bay that will virtually have the effect of placing the thousands of government employees, designated as "laborers," in the classified service. Regulations governing this proposed change have been formulated by the Civil Service Commission and will be laid before President Roosevelt on Tuesday. Commissioner Hayes left here today for New York. He has the draft of the regulations with him and will go to Oyster Bay by the first of the week. "The proposition," said Mr. Cooley today, "is to create an eligible list of laborers. All applicants must qualify as to their physical, mental and moral attainments and the

one heading the list is to be given the first vacancy."

The treasury today paid \$380,000 to the Archbishop of San Francisco on account of the Pius Fund settlement.

Albert L. Pierce was appointed collector of customs at Vicksburg, Miss., vice Thos. B. McAllister, resigned.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

The sweet wine output of California for 1903 will exceed 1,300,000 gallons. Secretary Shaw denies in Chicago the story that he is contemplating increasing the government deposits in the national banks to the extent of \$40,000,000.

Scenes of great excitement occurred on the New York Cotton Exchange yesterday when, on a favorable government report on the condition of the growing crop, the bears got the upper hand and forced prices down 40 points, or \$2 a bale.

John Temple Graves, of Georgia, yesterday delivered an address on "The Problem of the Races" before the convocation of the University of Chicago, in which he advocated the separation of the races as the only solution of the problem.

Mrs. Roland B. Molinoux has permanently departed from Sioux Falls, S. D. Testimony in her divorce case is reported to have been taken last July before a referee at Castlewood, Hamilton county, and the decree is said to have been granted a few days ago.

The democrats had no fight worth speaking of in the primaries in Baltimore yesterday. There was opposition to the regular candidates for judge and sheriff, but the organization easily held its own. Warfield had no opposition for governor. The primaries passed off very quietly.

William T. Tucker, whose disappearance from Baltimore led to the discovery that securities worth \$675,000, being his father's estate and part of his mother's fortune, had been removed from the trust company's strong box, was removed, and the decree is said to have been granted a few days ago.

The Board of Conciliation, at Pottsville, Pa., decided to hold its next sessions at Philadelphia beginning September 15. The board was deadlocked on the questions of a short Saturday and the payment of 10 per cent. increase on the net earnings of miners. These questions will likely be submitted to Umpire Wright, who, it is said, favors a reconvening of the strike commission to decide the problems now piling upon him.

## RELANCE WINS.

As anticipated, the Reliance, the American cup defender, yesterday won the third and final race and the series for that sea trophy, the America's cup. In a dense fog which prevented vision beyond 200 yards she finished the race at 5:30:02, amid the acclamations of the assembled fleet. When the two flyers were last seen the Reliance was more than a mile and a half in the lead. Shamrock III, after running for more than an hour in the fog missed the finish line, passed by it and then returned to it from the opposite direction. As the Reliance was then being towed through the fleet, yacht engines fluttering from her truck and spreaders in celebration of her victory, the Shamrock III did not cross the finish line.

After racing for more than an hour at terrific speed through a blinding fog, the Reliance burst through the wall of mist upon the vision of the spectators on the fleet assembled at the finish line, and, heeling under a great bellying balloon jibtopail until her lee rail was awash, fled across the finish line almost before the spectators could determine for a certainty that it was she.

The official time in the race was as follows:

	Start	Finish
Reliance.....	1:59:56	5:30:02
Shamrock III.....	1:02:00	Did not finish.

Sir Thomas says he is glad the race is over, as he has known for days that he was beaten. He thanks the American people for their generosity to the vanquished, and says it is a pleasure even to lose races.

The opinion is expressed by English yachtsmen that no further attempt will be made for some time to send a challenger after the America's cup.

After his defeat Sir Thomas Lipton said: "I have done everything in human possibility that could be procured in Great Britain to bring a winning boat to the line and I have been licked by a faster yacht. If anyone else should challenge I would give every assistance in my power."

FOREMAN FORCED TO RESIGN.—Members of Columbia Typographical Union of Washington are deeply interested in a controversy in Manila between John S. Leech, public printer of the Philippines, and George A. Tracy, foreman of the government printing office at Manila. Both these men were formerly prominently connected with the affairs of Columbia Union and are well known in Washington. All that can be learned concerning the difficulty is that Leech some time ago demanded Tracy's resignation. Mr. Tracy, who was formerly employed in the government printing office in Washington, was working on a newspaper in Baltimore when he was selected by the War Department to go to Manila and establish a printing office for the island government. The machinery was sent over and Mr. Tracy was one of the men who set it up. When everything was in readiness Mr. Tracy was placed in charge of the composing room, having entered into a contract for a term of two years. In the meantime examinations had been held in this country and printers selected from the eligible list and sent to Manila. The printers who had left this country for the islands were members of the Typographical Union, and when the American employees in the Manila office numbered twenty-eight, it was proposed to establish a branch of the International Typographical Union, and application was made for a charter.

Foreman Tracy, while not participating actively in the organization of the new members, designated as "laborers," in the classified service. Regulations governing this proposed change have been formulated by the Civil Service Commission and will be laid before President Roosevelt on Tuesday. Commissioner Hayes left here today for New York. He has the draft of the regulations with him and will go to Oyster Bay by the first of the week. "The proposition," said Mr. Cooley today, "is to create an eligible list of laborers. All applicants must qualify as to their physical, mental and moral attainments and the

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

Latest returns from the democratic primaries in Henrico county indicate the nomination of Rosenek for the legislature, John E. Broddus, county clerk; W. J. Todd, treasurer and Simon Solomon, sheriff.

The water committee of the Richmond City Council last night awarded contracts amounting to \$438,000 for two large settling basins in order to obtain pure water. The basins will occupy 75 acres and hold 200,000,000 gallons.

Ernest Tramel, of Chantilly, Fairfax county, died Wednesday morning from the effects of laudanum which he took either by mistake or purposely at the Kendrick House, in Herndon, on Tuesday night. His body was taken to Chantilly and buried yesterday.

Gov. Montague has pardoned Otey Wilcox, a young man of Richmond, now serving a sixty-day sentence in Hampton jail for robbing bathers at Buckroe Beach. He has served nearly half the sentence. Wilcox's father went to Hampton yesterday and brought his wayward son home.

John Ninney, a noted safe blower and escaped convict from the Tennessee penitentiary at Peters, Tenn., was captured at Bristol last night. He was sentenced for a 13 year term from Knoxville, for burglary and larceny in June, 1895. Ninney scaled the prison walls with John Sloane, a fellow prisoner, on August 21. Sloane is still at large.

## FAIRFAX NOTES.

Mr. Louis F. Schade says he will not be a candidate for the House of Delegates.

Ruth M., the bright little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Adams, died Thursday night of last week.

A primary election will be held in the county on Wednesday, September 23d, for the nomination of candidates for county and district offices, for the House of Delegates, and for the State Senate.

The following appointments for Bishop R. A. Gibson, of the P. E. Church, are announced: Zion Church, Fairfax, Monday, September 7, at 8 p. m. Church of the Good Shepherd, Tuesday, September 8th, at 8 p. m. The Church of the Holy Comforter, at Vienna, will be consecrated Wednesday, September 9th, at 10:30 o'clock, a. m.

At a recent meeting of the County School Board the board declined to declare any day a legal holiday for school purposes. It was decided to open the schools on Monday, September 28th. The Board of Supervisors was requested to fix the levy for 1904 for county and district school purposes at 10 cents each on the \$100 valuation. The resignation of Capt. J. Owens Perry, clerk of the County School Board, was presented and accepted, and Mr. J. P. H. Mason, of Mt. Vernon, was elected to fill the vacancy.—[Herald.]

## BALTIMORE REPUBLICAN.

The regular republican organization won in yesterday's primary election a victory greater than even its most sanguine adherents had expected. In 20 wards out of the 24 in the city the friends of the organization went at the opposition and hammered it into oblivion.

The regular organization carried 20 of the 24 wards in the voting for legislative district convention delegates, thereby securing an uncontested control of each of the four legislative district conventions. The organization carried 19 of the 24 wards in the voting for city convention delegates. Mr. Wachter, an anti-organizationist, lost his own ward.

As the result of the victory, the regular city organization will control each one of the four legislative district conventions making all of the legislative nominations, 28 in number; selecting a new City Committee, each one of whom will be favorable to it, and electing 28 delegates to the State convention, each one of whom may be relied upon implicitly to vote for the nomination of Stevenson A. Williams for governor.

Senator McComas is more than elated at the sweeping victory of the organization.

This defeat practically puts Wachter out of business so far as the city is concerned, and will compel Mudd to come to terms.

## COURT OF APPEALS.

The following business was transacted in the Supreme Court of Appeals at Staunton yesterday.

Bashaws, administrator, vs. Wallace; from Circuit Court, Rockbridge county; argued and submitted.

Fortunes, administrator vs. Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company; from Circuit Court, Augusta county; dismissed for failure to have record printed.

Shrockless vs. Wiseman; from Circuit Court of Augusta county; submitted on brief.

Hawpe vs. Bumgardner; from Circuit Court of Augusta county; submitted on brief.

Brown Electric Company vs. Stone Electric Light and Power Company; from Circuit Court of Wythe county; injunction refused.

Geil vs. Geil; from Circuit Court, of Rockingham county; argued in part and continued until today.

The court appointed a committee to examine the fee books and condition of records, and to ascertain whether the late clerk at Richmond had faithfully discharged his duties. No action has been taken in regard to appointing a new clerk.

The naming of the committee is in compliance with the statutes.

## KILLED IN RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Passenger train No. 15, northbound, on the South Carolina and Georgia Extension Railroad, formerly the Three C's, now operated by the Southern Railway, went through a trestle fifty feet high over Fishing Creek, three miles east of Charlotte, N. C., about 11:30 o'clock yesterday, killing six men and injuring twenty-four, five of whom will likely die. Three of the latter are negro passengers. The train consisted of an engine and three cars. It left Rock Hill about 11 o'clock with about forty passengers on board. When the train passed under the trestle the entire structure under the cars gave way, hurling the engine and cars to the bank of the creek, about fifty feet below. The timbers of the bridge, it is alleged, were rotten, and to this fact is ascribed the cause of the wreck.

## Many Beverages

are so vastly improved by the added richness imparted by the use of Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk. The Eagle Brand is prepared from the herds of well fed, housed, groomed cows of native breeds. Every can is tested and is therefore reliable.

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

## Macedonian Insurrection.

London, Sept. 4.—Eugene Lazarovich, the organizer of the Macedonian revolution committee, is now in London, seeking to raise a loan of \$100,000. "Our object," he said today, "is to recruit with this money an international army of 50,000 men to be placed at the disposal of the powers as Macedonian police, to preserve order after peace is restored. We intend to secure a representative body of trustees to act as custodians of the funds. A rich American, whose name I am unable yet to state, has promised \$500,000 provisionally, and more is now in sight. We look to America for substantial help." Speaking of the present insurrection Lazarovich said: "There are 18,000 insurgents now in the field. The object for which we are working is to drive the Turkish soldiers to desperation by guerrilla tactics and cause them to rebel against the Sultan. In north Salonika General Yankoff is entrusted with this campaign. He will try to render useless the railway between Salonika and Constantinople, thus isolating the Turkish troops in the western mountains, where 100,000 men are.

Vienna, Sept. 4.—The Odessa correspondent of Volksblatt wires that all the coast of Adrianople and Stefany ablaze. Hundreds of villages have been destroyed and the once smiling region of Oekettepe and Wasiliko are a blackened desert. Hundreds of Turkish women and girls were burned to death.

Washington, Sept. 4.—Minister Leishman today informed the State Department that the Russians and Austrians had landed a few marines at Constantinople for the purpose of doing guard duty within the legation enclosures.

## Reliance and Shamrock.

Highlands, of Navesink, N. J., Sept. 4.—Flying three great American flags, one on the taffrail and the others at the spreaders, the victorious Reliance, in tow of the tug Guiding Star, left her moorings in Sandy Hook bay shortly after eight o'clock this morning, and began a triumphant journey to Erie Basin, Brooklyn. Whistles screamed aboard every sort of steam craft about Sandy Hook, and at the top of every mast and pole aloft the stars and stripes fluttered in the early morning breeze. Soon after Reliance's departure Sir Thomas Lipton's Erin started up, followed by Shamrock III. In tow of the tug Cruiser. In the trip through the Narrows, Shamrock III. followed the Reliance at about the same distance as she did at the finish of the final cup race yesterday, about three miles. There were no gay colors at the Shamrock's spreaders as she followed in the wake of the cup defender; however, she had her share of the salutes from passing vessels. The crews of the Shamrock I. and Shamrock III. were preparing this morning to sail for England early next week. The two English yachts will go in tow.

New York, Sept. 4.—Sir Thomas Lipton came to the city today on his steam yacht Erin, and tonight he will be banqueted by the Pilgrims at the Waldorf-Astoria. Next Tuesday he will be given a dinner by the New York Yacht Club, after which he will make a trip to Chicago. Sir Thomas still has a faint hope of lifting the cup, even in the face of a severe defeat. "Who can design a boat for me? That's the question," said Sir Thomas, with much feeling. "Gentlemen, I am ready and willing to fight for the cup at any time if I can find material on which, in my own heart, I can depend for a chance of winning. Mr. Fife has done his best. We've been licked." It is said that Sir Thomas may dispose of either the first or the third Shamrock to a well known Boston capitalist.

## Mrs. Drexel Loses Jewels.

Newport, September 4.—Mrs. John R. Drexel, of Philadelphia, whose collection of precious stones is among the most valuable in the world, has lost two of her most beautiful jewels. The first disappeared July 4, and the other on August 14. Mrs. Drexel, thinking she might recover them without notoriety by making a quiet search, said nothing of the matter except to a few intimate friends till today. On July 4 she lost a pear-shaped emerald pendant. She was dining out, and missed the jewel upon her return home. She thinks she lost it, but admits the possibility that it may have been grabbed and broken from its support. The jewel lost August 14 was a pendant consisting of a pear-shaped diamond, surrounded by five other and smaller diamonds. Mrs. Drexel believes she lost this while at some function, or that it was snatched from her. The value of the two jewels is estimated at \$15,000.

## New York Stock Market.

New York, Sept. 4.—The stock market this morning has been of a holiday character. Business is light, and entire professional in its nature. As a rule fluctuations were limited to extremely small fractions. The strength of the grain market was without particular influence. There was a little disposition to support Atchison which ruled slightly higher. Reading rallied a trifle, and showed a little more steadiness. Inactivity characterized the industrials but the fluctuations were without significance. Amalgamated Copper was steady. Few issues scored quotations in the first hour. In the traction group, the only notable feature was an advance in Metropolitan securities of 1 per cent. The speculation promises to remain in the doldrums under the influence of the approaching triple stock exchange holiday. Government bonds unchanged.

## Principal of Estate Withheld.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Albert W. May, attorney and United States commissioner, left for Washington, D. C., yesterday to consult with Secretary Hay relative to the settlement of the estate of Alexander Carl Sitterbarth, who fell heir to an estate of about \$60,000 crowns upon the death of his sister, Irma Sitterbarth, in Budapest, Hungary. The claimant left his native country about twenty years ago and came to America. Recently he was found in Chicago under the name of Charles Doros. The interest of the money has been sent to the State Bank of Chicago, but, owing to the failure to give any satisfactory reason for not having sent the principal sum, it is Mr. May's desire to invoke the aid of the State Department under the terms of the commercial treaties with Austria.

## United Mine Workers' Report.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 4.—The quarterly report of the auditing committee of the United Mine Workers of America was completed last evening. With a membership of 325,000, scattered

throughout states, from coast to coast, less than 2,000 men are on strike. The organization now has \$999,610.94 in cash in its treasury and an income approximating \$60,000 per month. The situation, so far as the mine workers are concerned, has never been more gratifying in the history of their union.

## Rapid Development of Coal Industry.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 4.—The State mine inspector, who has returned from a trip over the Indiana coal field, said the rapid development of the coal industry in this State during the last year is unprecedented in this country. In Sullivan and Green counties nearly fifty new mines are about to be opened. The output has been doubled during the last few years and a still greater increase this year is looked for.

## Mr. Bryan in New York.

New York, Sept. 4.—William Jennings Bryan is stopping for a few days at the Hotel Victoria. He has absolutely declined to talk politics, but intimates that later on he may have something to say of interest to the public. "I am merely passing through the city on business," said Mr. Bryan. "I expect to return shortly and may be very glad to discuss politics then, but at present I have not a word to say."

## FOREIGN NEWS.

Music director Zumbeil was found dead in his bed at Munich this morning. Director Zumbeil had practical oversight of the Wagner cycles at the Royal Theatre, and his death will interrupt their progress.

The German army manoeuvres were again too realistic at Kaiserslautern. Rhensish Bavaria, today, and one officer was killed and six men wounded. This is the second fatal manoeuvre this year in the Prussian army.

The young clergy of Rome is agitating the start of a world wide movement to induce the Pope to modernize the papal system so as to accord with modern progressive ideas. The initiators count especially on the French, Irish, American and Australian clergy to help, and trust that the powers and the press will support them.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

Harry S. Brooks, alias Robinson, alias "Gentleman George," was sentenced in New York today to twenty-three years in Sing Sing prison for burglary.

Charles Jackson, the negro convicted of the murder of Charles W. Roxbury, the tea taster, on July 10 last, was today sentenced by Recorder Goff, in New York, to be electrocuted in Sing Sing prison on October 22nd next.

If there is any man in the United States who is an expert shoe and harness maker and has also a fine musical education, with the ability to conduct a band, he is in demand for the government service. The Indian school at Chamberlain, S. D., wants him and the civil service commission has been requested to fill the bill. The financial allotment is a salary of \$45 per month.

Col. George R. McClellan celebrated the sixth anniversary of his birth at his home in Bristol, Tenn., yesterday. Colonel McClellan is said to be the only surviving field officer of the volunteer army that marched against Mexico. He fought in the Cherokee Indian war and also for the Confederacy under General Johnson. Colonel McClellan is still a vigorous man.

As Mrs. C. H. Elliott was last night passing the corner of 31st street and Cottage Grove, Chicago, she was accosted by a strange man having in his possession a proclamation against the murderers of the late King Alexander demanding their punishment.

A special train carrying a posse of armed men ran ahead of the Northern Pacific limited last night because of the discovery of a plot to hold up and rob the regular North Coast limited at Malta, Mont.

The steamer Barbarossa, of the North German Lloyd line, which was previously reported disabled with one tail shaft broken, arrived in port at New York this morning under her own power.

A crowd of white convicts attempted to dynamite their way to liberty last night in Birmingham, Ala. They were fired upon by the guards and four were shot—two fatally. One convict escaped.

After being chided by her father for accepting the attentions of her boy sweetheart, Miss Elsie Duckett went to her room at Lebanon, Ill., yesterday evening and hanged herself.

STEAMER BURNED AT SEA.—The captain and a portion of the crew of the Danish steamer Klampenborg, from Rlyth for Cronstadt, have been landed at South Shields. They report that the Klampenborg was abandoned on fire. The third engineer was killed and six of the crew are missing. The survivors had a thrilling experience. The fire which had broken out on board reached the petroleum tanks on Sunday and caused a terrific explosion, killing the engineer. The crew took to the boats during a violent storm. One boat with six occupants drifted away, and was not seen afterwards. It is supposed that she was swamped in the high seas. The weather continued so bad that the survivors in the other boats took refuge again on the Klampenborg on Monday evening. On Tuesday they had to take to the boats again, and were at the point of exhaustion when they were rescued.

NEW TRIAL FOR JOHN ISH.—Argument for a new trial was heard in the County Court of Fauquier yesterday, Judge C. M. White, presiding, in the case of the Commonwealth vs. John Ish, convicted and sentenced to three years in the penitentiary at the August term on the charge of attempting to criminally assault Mrs. Henry T. Cubbage at her home near New Baltimore on June 29. Judge White granted a new trial upon newly discovered evidence brought to his attention bearing upon the character of the plaintiff. Bail was given by Ish in the sum of \$5,000 for his appearance on the fourth day of the September term of the County Court.

## The Genuine vs. Counterfeits.

The genuine is always better than a counterfeit, but the truth of this statement is never more forcibly realized or more thoroughly appreciated than when you compare the genuine DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve with the many counterfeits and worthless substitutes that are on the market. W. S. Lebetter, of Shreveport, La., says: "After using numerous other remedies without benefit, one box of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured my eye. I was blind, bleeding, itching and growing piles so severely I was equal to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Sold by all druggists."

## A Remarkable Record.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, has a remarkable record. It has been in use for over thirty years, during which time many million bottles have been sold and used. It has long been the standard and main reliance in the treatment of croup in thousands of homes, yet during all this time no case has ever been reported to the manufacturers in which it failed to effect a cure. When given as soon as the child becomes hoarse or even as soon as the croupy cough appears, it will prevent the attack. It is pleasant to take, many children like it. It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by Richard Gibson, druggist.

## The Market.

Georgetown, Sept. 4.—Wheat 70.80.